Douglas R. Peterson (SBN 215949) dpeterson@steptoe.com STEPTOE & JOHNSON LLP 2 2121 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 2800 CLERK U.S DISTRICT COURT 3 Los Angeles, California 90067-5052 Telephone: (310) 734-3200 4 Facsimile:(310) 734-3300 5 Stanley A. Schlitter (moving for pro hac vice admission) sschlitter@steptoe.com 6 Taras A. Gracey (moving for pro hac vice admission) 7 tgracey@steptoe.com Amanda K. Streff (moving for pro hac vice admission) astreff@steptoe.com STEPTOE & JOHNSON LLP 9 115 South La Salle Street, Suite 3100 10 Chicago, IL 60603 Telephone: (312) 577-1300 11 Facsimile: (312) 577-1370 12 Daniel A. Kopp (moving for pro hac vice admission) dkopp@steptoe.com 13 STEPTOE & JOHNSON LLP 14 1330 Connecticut Avenue, NW Washington DC 20036 15 Telephone: (202) 429-3000 Facsimile: (202) 429-3902 16 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Semiconductor Energy 17 Laboratory Co., Ltd. 18 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 19 FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 20 SEMICONDUCTOR ENERGY 21 LABORATORY CO., LTD., Plaintiff, 22 **COMPLAINT FOR PATENT** INFRINGEMENT VS. 23 CHIMEI INNOLUX CORPORATION, 24 CHI MEI OPTOELECTRONICS USA, JURY TRIAL DEMANDED INC., ACER AMERICA 25 CORPORATION, VIEWSONIC 26 CORPORATION, VIZIO, INC., and WESTINGHOUSE DIGITAL, LLC, 27 Defendants. 28

Plaintiff Semiconductor Energy Laboratory Co., Ltd. ("SEL"), by its attorneys, complains against defendants Chimei Innolux Corporation ("CMI"), Chi Mei Optoelectronics USA, Inc. ("CMO USA"), Acer America Corporation ("Acer"), ViewSonic Corporation ("ViewSonic"), VIZIO, Inc. ("VIZIO"), and Westinghouse Digital, LLC ("Westinghouse") (collectively "Defendants"), as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff SEL is a corporation organized under the laws of Japan with its principal place of business at 398 Hase, Atsugi-shi, Kanagawa-Ken 243-0036 Japan.
- 2. On information and belief, Defendant CMI is a corporation organized under the laws of Taiwan with its principal place of business at No. 160, Kesyue Rd., Jhunan Science Park, Miaoli County 350, Taiwan, R.O.C. On information and belief, CMI is a company established on March18, 2010 as a result of the merger of Innolux Display Corporation with Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation ("CMO") and TPO Displays Corporation. CMI manufactures electronic products in Taiwan and directly and/or indirectly imports, sells in and/or offers for sale its products in California and elsewhere in the United States. In addition, CMI provides these products to third parties through an established distribution channel knowing that these third parties will import, sell, offer for sale, and/or use these products in California and elsewhere in the United States using their nationwide contacts and distribution channels.
- 3. Defendant CMO USA is organized under the laws of Delaware and, on information and belief, has its principal place of business at 101 Metro Drive Suite 510, San Jose, California 95110. On information and belief, CMO USA is a subsidiary of Chi Mei Optoelectronics Japan Co., Ltd., which is itself a subsidiary of CMI. On information and belief, CMO USA directly and/or indirectly imports,

sells and/or offers for sale in California and elsewhere in the United States products manufactured by CMI.

- 4. Defendant Acer is organized under the laws of California and, on information and belief, has its principal place of business at 333 W. San Carlos St., Suite 1500, San Jose, California 95110. Acer is a domestic subsidiary of Acer, Inc. that directly and/or indirectly makes, imports, sells, and/or offers for sale its products in California and elsewhere in the United States.
- 5. Defendant ViewSonic is organized under the laws of Delaware and, on information and belief, has its principal place of business at 381 Brea Canyon Rd., Walnut, California 91789. ViewSonic directly and/or indirectly makes, imports, sells, and/or offers for sale its products in California and elsewhere in the United States.
- 6. Defendant VIZIO is organized under the laws of Delaware and, on information and belief, has its principal place of business at 39 Tesla, Irvine, California 92618. VIZIO directly and/or indirectly makes, imports, sells, and/or offers for sale its products in California and elsewhere in the United States.
- 7. Defendant Westinghouse is organized under the laws of Delaware and, on information and belief, has its principal place of business at 500 North State College Boulevard, Suite 1300, Orange, California 92868. Westinghouse directly and/or indirectly makes, imports, sells, and/or offers for sale its products in California and elsewhere in the United States.

JURISDICTION

- 8. This is an action arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 9. This Court has personal jurisdiction over each Defendant. Each Defendant, directly and/or through intermediaries or established distribution channels (including distributors, online retailers, and others), ships, distributes,

voluntarily placed one or more of its infringing products, as described herein, into the stream of commerce with the expectation that they will be purchased by customers within this District. These infringing products have been, and continue to be, purchased by customers within this District. On information and belief, Defendants derive substantial revenue from the sale of infringing products distributed within this District, and/or expect or should reasonably expect their actions to have consequences within this District, and derive substantial revenue from interstate and international commerce. In addition, Defendants continue to knowingly induce infringement within this State and within this District by contracting with others to market and sell infringing products with the knowledge and intention of facilitating infringing sales of the infringing products by others within this District.

offers for sale, sells, and/or advertises its products in or into the United States, the

State of California, and this District. Each Defendant has purposefully and

10. Acer and VIZIO have agents for service in this District and, on information and belief, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse have their principal place of business in this District.

VENUE

- 11. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c) and (d) and 1400(b) because this is an action for patent infringement, CMI is an alien, and the Defendants reside in this District.
- 12. CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse are authorized to do business, are doing business and/or have a regular and established place of business in this District, and have committed, or have induced, acts of infringement in this District.

PATENTS-IN-SUIT

13. United States Patent No. 6,404,480 ("the '480 patent"), entitled "Contact Structure," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and

Trademark Office on June 11, 2002. The `480 patent has been re-examined by the United States Patent and Trademark Office pursuant to a request by CMO for such re-examination. The United States Patent and Trademark Office issued a Re-examination Certificate on December 30, 2008, reaffirming the patentability of all claims of the `480 patent without amendment. A true and correct copy of the `480 patent and Reexamination Certificate is attached hereto as Exhibit A and is incorporated herein by this reference.

- 14. United States Patent No. 7,697,102 ("the `102 patent"), entitled "Contact Structure," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on April 13, 2010. A true and correct copy of the `102 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit B and is incorporated herein by this reference.
- 15. United States Patent No. 7,876,413 ("the '413 patent"), entitled "Electronic Apparatus With a Flexible Printed Circuit and a Transparent Conductive Layer," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on January 25, 2011. A true and correct copy of the '413 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit C and is incorporated herein by this reference.
- 16. United States Patent No. 7,923,311 ("the '311 patent"), entitled "Electro-Optical Device and Thin Film Transistor and Method for Forming the Same," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on April 12, 2011. A true and correct copy of the '311 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit D and is incorporated herein by this reference.
- 17. United States Patent No. 7,956,978 ("the '978 patent"), entitled "Liquid-Crystal Display Device Having a Particular Conductive Layer," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on June 7, 2011. A true and correct copy of the '978 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit E and is incorporated herein by this reference.
- 18. United States Patent No. 8,068,204 ("the '204 patent"), entitled "Electronic Apparatus With a Flexible Printed Circuit and a Transparent

Conductive Layer," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on November 29, 2011. A true and correct copy of the `204 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit F and is incorporated herein by this reference.

19. SEL is the owner of all right, title and interest in and to the `480, `102, `413, `311, `978, and `204 patents (collectively the "Patents-in-Suit") and is entitled to sue for past and future infringement.

BACKGROUND

SEL Is a Technology Pioneer

- 20. Established in 1980, SEL is a Japanese company that develops technology in the fields of, among others, semiconductor thin-film transistors, thin-film integrated circuits, liquid crystal displays, computer processing units on glass and on plastic substrates, organic light-emitting diode displays, and solar energy. SEL is headquartered in Atsugi-shi, Japan and employs over 700 people.
- 21. SEL's employees, including scientists, perform research and development in the field of, among others, semiconductor integrated circuits and thin-film transistors for driving displays used in LCD TVs, computer monitors, cell phone displays, and other products. As a part of its research and development, SEL designs electronic circuits through simulation using a supercomputer and then designs photomasks that it uses in manufacturing prototype displays and semiconductor devices in SEL's clean room facility. SEL then evaluates, analyzes, and further improves the prototype displays and semiconductor devices.
- 22. SEL and its scientists have received awards for technology they developed, including, among others, the National Commendation for Invention Award from the Japan Institute of Invention and Innovation in 2007 and again in 2010. SEL received the Okochi Memorial Technology Award from the Okochi Memorial Foundation in 2010, as a co-recipient with Sharp Corp. In 2009, SEL and co-recipient Sharp Corp. received a Commendation for Science and Technology by the Japanese Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and

Japan Patent Office. Other awards include an award for display products of the year from the Society for Information Display, the Grand Prize of Advanced Display (diploma of merit) in 2000, the Director Prize from the Science and Technology Agency of Japan, and the Medal with Purple Ribbon, an award bestowed by the Japanese Prime Minister's Office.

23. Many of SEL's contributions to its fields of research have been formally documented in publications and thousands of issued patents, including in the United States. SEL has contributed to the advancement of thin-film transistor liquid-crystal display technology, resulting in the improvement of commercial products based on that technology including large-screen LCD TVs. computer

the United States. SEL has contributed to the advancement of thin-film transistor liquid-crystal display technology, resulting in the improvement of commercial products based on that technology, including large-screen LCD TVs, computer monitors, and screens for cell phones, digital cameras, and other products. SEL's research has led to, among other beneficial advances, longer-lasting LCD devices, improvements in display quality, an increase in display area for a given size screen, and lower manufacturing costs. Some of the world's most important technology companies have taken notice of SEL's contributions and accomplishments by providing significant capital investment in SEL in exchange for shares of SEL stock, including TDK Corporation, which owns about 30% of SEL.

Technology. In 2002, SEL received an Intellectual Property Merit Award from the

24. SEL's contributions and advancements in the field of TFT-LCD technology include the inventions described and claimed in the six Patents-in-Suit, among others.

Thin-Film Transistor Liquid-Crystal Displays

25. An important field of research for SEL has been in the area of thin-film transistor liquid-crystal displays ("TFT-LCD"). Modern TFT-LCD screens use an active-matrix structure in which each LCD pixel is individually controlled by a thin-film transistor ("TFT").

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- 26. A TFT-LCD screen generally consists of a backlight and two glass substrates (a back substrate and a front substrate spaced several millionths of a meter apart) with liquid crystal material sandwiched between them. The back substrate typically contains an array of thousands or millions of TFTs, which are electronic switching devices made of microscopically thin films, including semiconductor material, that turn each individual pixel in the display "on" or "off" so that collectively the pixels form an image on the screen. The front substrate is fitted with color filters (each pixel has a color filter, typically using the primary colors of red, blue and green) and a polarizer. The amount of light that is permitted to pass through the polarizer and color filter on the front substrate is determined by the polarization state of that light, which in turn is determined by whether the TFT for a given pixel is "on" or "off." When the TFT is turned "on," the electrical charge passing through the TFT causes a rotation in the angle of the liquid crystal molecules in proximity to that TFT. Thus, light from the backlight passing through a pixel with an "on" TFT and, consequently, with rotated liquid crystal molecules, will pass through the polarizer and color filter to create a pixel of color on the display screen. On the other hand, light from the backlight that passes through a pixel with an "off" TFT and, therefore, with non-rotated liquid crystal molecules, will be absorbed by the polarizer on the front substrate and will not appear on the display screen.
- 27. The TFT-LCD technology is widely used because it enables thousands or millions of TFTs to work independently to control thousands or millions of pixels that together form sharp, vibrant images on screens of LCD TVs, computer monitors, laptop computers, cell phones, and other products.

Defendants' Knowledge of SEL's Patents

28. Before the formation of CMI, SEL previously filed a lawsuit against CMO, International Display Technology USA, Inc. (which, on information and belief, later became Chi Mei Optoelectronics USA, Inc.), Westinghouse Digital

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Electronics, LLC (which, on information and belief, later became Westinghouse Digital, LLC), International Display Technology Co., Ltd. (which, on information and belief, later became Chi Mei Optoelectronics Japan Co., Ltd.), and CTX Technology Corp. on November 3, 2004, for infringement of four patents owned by SEL, in the Northern District of California having case no. 04-cv-04675-MHP ("the CMO Litigation"). The `480 patent was among the four patents asserted in the CMO Litigation.

- 29. During the CMO Litigation, the court granted SEL's motion for summary judgment that products sold by CMO infringed the `480 patent.
- 30. CMO filed a request with the United States Patent and Trademark Office for *ex parte* reexamination of the `480 patent on March 24, 2006, while the CMO Litigation was pending, which was subsequently granted and given Control No. 90/007,985.
- 31. On December 30, 2008, the United States Patent and Trademark Office issued a Re-examination Certificate reaffirming the patentability, without amendment, of all claims in the `480 patent.
- 32. Following a settlement entered into between SEL and CMO, Chi Mei Optoelectronics Japan Co., Ltd., CMO USA, and Westinghouse, the CMO Litigation was dismissed July 6, 2007.

Communications Between SEL and CMI

- 33. On May 7, 2010, SEL sent a letter to CMI offering a license to SEL's patents.
- 34. SEL sent another letter to CMI on November 3, 2010, offering a license to CMI for the use of certain SEL patents including the `480 and `102 patents. CMI responded to SEL's November 3 letter on November 18, 2010, and requested more technical information from SEL concerning its patents and CMI's products.

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- 35. In a letter dated November 22, 2010, SEL responded to CMI and requested a meeting to explain the relevance between SEL's patents and CMI's products.
- 36. SEL's counsel sent CMI a letter on December 22, 2011, addressed to Mr. Charles Hsu, Director, Patent Division, Legal & IP Center of CMI, with a copy to Mr. Peterson Tien, Vice President and General Counsel of CMI, stating that several CMI products being sold in the United States infringed certain of SEL's patents. Specifically, the December 22 letter stated the six Patents-in-Suit, among others, were being infringed by the following CMI products that were being incorporated into end products that were being sold in the United States: CMI LCD modules model numbers CMI Module Numbers V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1, V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1, V315B6-P01 Rev.C5, M270H3-L01 Rev.C1, M236H3-L05 Rev.C2, M270H1-L01 Rev.C1, M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1, MT215DW02, and MT215DW01 (collectively "CMI Products"). Furthermore, the December 22 letter stated that CMI's continued distribution of the listed LCD modules constituted active inducement of third parties, including at least Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse, to infringe the Patents-in-Suit, given that CMI supplies the CMI Products to these customers with the knowledge (a) that the CMI Products will be incorporated into the customer's products, (b) that the CMI Products will be imported into and sold within the U.S., and (c) that the CMI Products infringe the Patents-in-Suit.
- 37. CMI has directly and/or indirectly imported, offered for sale, and sold the CMI Products, and continues to import, offer for sale, and sell the CMI Products into and/or in California and elsewhere in the United States, directly and through established distribution channels involving various third parties, knowing that these third parties will use their respective nationwide contacts and distribution channels to import, sell, offer for sale, and/or use the CMI Products in California and elsewhere in the United States. These distribution channels include at least

CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse. CMI intends for the CMI Products to enter the United States, and CMI knows or reasonably should know that the CMI Products infringe the six Patents-in-Suit.

- 38. On information and belief, CMO USA has directly and/or indirectly imported and sold, and continues to import and sell, into and/or in California and elsewhere in the United States, the CMI Products that infringe the SEL patents. Furthermore, on information and belief, CMO USA has supplied to third parties, and continues to supply to third parties the CMI Products knowing that the CMI Products will be sold, offered for sale, and/or used in California and elsewhere in the United States.
- 39. Acer has imported and sold, and continues to import and sell, into and/or in California and elsewhere in the United States, LCD-type products that incorporate the CMI Products that infringe at least certain of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 40. ViewSonic has imported and sold, and continues to import and sell, into and/or in California and elsewhere in the United States, LCD-type products that incorporate the CMI Products that infringe at least certain of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 41. VIZIO has imported and sold, and continues to import and sell, into and/or in California and elsewhere in the United States, LCD-type products that incorporate the CMI Products that infringe at least certain of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 42. Westinghouse has imported and sold, and continues to import and sell, into and/or in California and elsewhere in the United States, LCD-type products that incorporate the CMI Products that infringe at least certain of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 43. CMI has had actual notice in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 287 as to the six Patents-in-Suit. Specifically, on information and belief, CMI personnel, who were employees of CMO prior to the merger of CMO with Innolux Display Corporation and TPO Displays Corporation, had notice of the `480 patent by no

later than November 3, 2004, the date the CMO Litigation was filed. Therefore, on information and belief, such CMI personnel had notice of the `480 patent by no later than November 3, 2004. CMO USA and Westinghouse also had actual notice of the `480 patent by no later than November 3, 2004 based on the CMO Litigation, in which they were defendants. CMI had notice of the `480 patent and the `102 patent by no later than November 3, 2010, and CMI had notice of the `413, `311, `978, and `204 patents by no later than December 22, 2011.

44. All of the Defendants have notice of the six Patents-in-Suit by the filing of this Complaint.

COUNT I – INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,404,480

- 45. SEL repeats and realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1-44, inclusive.
- 46. On June 11, 2002, the United States Patent and Trademark Office issued the '480 patent, entitled "Contact Structure." SEL is the owner, by means of assignment, of the '480 patent. SEL is entitled to sue and recover damages for past and future infringement of the '480 patent. The '480 patent is a duly and legally issued United States patent.
- 47. Defendant CMI and, upon information and belief, Defendant CMO USA have infringed and/or induced infringement of, and are continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `480 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Numbers V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1; V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1; V315B6-P01 Rev.C5; M270H3-L01 Rev.C1; M236H3-L05 Rev.C2; M270H1-L01 Rev.C1; and M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1. Defendants CMI and CMO USA are liable for their infringement of the `480 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 48. Defendant Acer has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `480 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number M270H3-L01 Rev.C1 found in Acer product number S273HL bmii; and CMI Module Number M236H3-L05 Rev.C2 found in Acer product number HS244HQ bmii. Defendant Acer is liable for its infringement of the `480 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 49. Defendant ViewSonic has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `480 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number M270H1-L01 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2739wm; and CMI Module Number M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2450wm-LED. Defendant ViewSonic is liable for its infringement of the `480 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 50. Defendant VIZIO has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `480 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E322MV; and CMI Module Number V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E260MV. Defendant VIZIO is liable for its infringement of the `480 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 51. Defendant Westinghouse has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '480 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling,

offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Product and any similar product and related technology: CMI Module Number V315B6-P01 Rev.C5 found in Westinghouse product number LD-3255VX. Defendant Westinghouse is liable for its infringement of the `480 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 52. With knowledge of the `480 patent and its infringement of the `480 patent, Defendant CMI also has infringed and continues to infringe one or more of the `480 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by actively inducing others, including at least CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States. Upon information and belief, Defendants CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse have infringed and continue to infringe one or more of the `480 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by actively inducing others, including their customers, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States.
- 53. Upon information and belief, Defendants' infringement of the `480 patent is willful, intentional, and deliberate. Defendants' infringement of the `480 patent has damaged and will continue to damage SEL. Defendants had actual knowledge of the `480 patent based upon the CMO Litigation, the reexamination of the `480 patent, SEL's letter to CMI dated November 3, 2010, the notice letter sent by SEL's counsel to CMI dated December 22, 2011, and/or the filing of this Complaint. Nevertheless, Defendants have willfully, deliberately, and intentionally infringed and continue to infringe the `480 patent despite an objectively high likelihood that their actions constituted infringement.
- 54. Defendants' infringement of the `480 patent has caused and will continue to cause SEL irreparable harm unless enjoined by the Court. SEL has no adequate remedy at law. SEL's damages from the infringing activities of Defendants are not yet determined.

COUNT II – INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,697,102

- 55. SEL repeats and realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1-54, inclusive.
- 56. On April 13, 2010, the United States Patent and Trademark Office issued the `102 patent, entitled "Contact Structure." SEL is the owner, by means of assignment, of the `102 patent. SEL is entitled to sue and recover damages for past and future infringement of the `102 patent. The `102 patent is a duly and legally issued United States patent.
- 57. Defendant CMI and, upon information and belief, Defendant CMO USA have infringed and/or induced infringement of, and are continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `102 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 15 and 27, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Numbers V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1; V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1; V315B6-P01 Rev.C5; M270H3-L01 Rev.C1; M236H3-L05 Rev.C2; M270H1-L01 Rev.C1; and M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1. Defendants CMI and CMO USA are liable for their infringement of the `102 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 58. Defendant Acer has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `102 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 15 and 27, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number M270H3-L01 Rev.C1 found in Acer product number S273HL bmii; and CMI Module Number M236H3-L05 Rev.C2 found in Acer product number HS244HQ bmii. Defendant Acer is liable for its infringement of the `102 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 59. Defendant ViewSonic has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the

`102 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 15 and 27, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number M270H1-L01 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2739wm; and CMI Module Number M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2450wm-LED. Defendant ViewSonic is liable for its infringement of the `102 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 60. Defendant VIZIO has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `102 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 15, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Product and any similar product and related technology: CMI Module Number V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E322MV. Defendant VIZIO also has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `102 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 15 and 27, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Product and any similar product and related technology: CMI Module Number V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E260MV. Defendant VIZIO is liable for its infringement of the `102 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 61. Defendant Westinghouse has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `102 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 15, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Product and any similar product and related technology: CMI Module Number V315B6-P01 Rev.C5 found in Westinghouse product number LD-3255VX. Defendant Westinghouse is liable for its infringement of the `102 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 62. With knowledge of the `102 patent and its infringement of the `102 patent, Defendant CMI also has infringed and continues to infringe one or more of the `102 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 15 and 27, by actively inducing others, including at least CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States. Upon information and belief, Defendants CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse have infringed and continue to infringe one or more of the `102 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 15 and 27, by actively inducing others, including their customers, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States.
- 63. Upon information and belief, Defendants' infringement of the `102 patent is willful, intentional, and deliberate. Defendants' infringement of the `102 patent has damaged and will continue to damage SEL. Defendants had actual knowledge of the `102 patent based upon SEL's letter to CMI dated November 3, 2010, the notice letter sent by SEL's counsel to CMI dated December 22, 2011, and/or the filing of this Complaint. Nevertheless, Defendants have willfully, deliberately, and intentionally infringed and continue to infringe the `102 patent despite an objectively high likelihood that their actions constituted infringement.
- 64. Defendants' infringement of the `102 patent has caused and will continue to cause SEL irreparable harm unless enjoined by the Court. SEL has no adequate remedy at law. SEL's damages from the infringing activities of Defendants are not yet determined.

COUNT III – INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,876,413

- 65. SEL repeats and realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1-64, inclusive.
- 66. On January 25, 2011, the United States Patent and Trademark Office issued the `413 patent, entitled "Electronic Apparatus With a Flexible Printed

Circuit and a Transparent Conductive Layer." SEL is the owner, by means of assignment, of the `413 patent. SEL is entitled to sue and recover damages for past and future infringement of the `413 patent. The `413 patent is a duly and legally issued United States patent.

- 67. Defendant CMI and, upon information and belief, Defendant CMO USA have infringed and/or induced infringement of, and are continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `413 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Numbers V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1; V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1; V315B6-P01 Rev.C5; M270H3-L01 Rev.C1; M236H3-L05 Rev.C2; M270H1-L01 Rev.C1; and M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1. Defendants CMI and CMO USA are liable for their infringement of the `413 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 68. Defendant Acer has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `413 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number M270H3-L01 Rev.C1 found in Acer product number S273HL bmii; and CMI Module Number M236H3-L05 Rev.C2 found in Acer product number HS244HQ bmii. Defendant Acer is liable for its infringement of the `413 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 69. Defendant ViewSonic has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '413 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number M270H1-L01 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2739wm; and CMI Module Number M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2450wm-

- LED. Defendant ViewSonic is liable for its infringement of the `413 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 70. Defendant VIZIO has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `413 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E322MV; and CMI Module Number V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E260MV. Defendant VIZIO is liable for its infringement of the `413 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 71. Defendant Westinghouse has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '413 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Product and any similar product and related technology: CMI Module Number V315B6-P01 Rev.C5 found in Westinghouse product number LD-3255VX. Defendant Westinghouse is liable for its infringement of the '413 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 72. With knowledge of the '413 patent and its infringement of the '413 patent, Defendant CMI also has infringed and continues to infringe one or more of the '413 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by actively inducing others, including at least CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States. Upon information and belief, Defendants CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse have infringed and continue to infringe one or more of the '413 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 1, by actively inducing others, including their customers, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States.

- 73. Upon information and belief, Defendants' infringement of the `413 patent is willful, intentional, and deliberate. Defendants' infringement of the `413 patent has damaged and will continue to damage SEL. Defendants had actual knowledge of the `413 patent based upon the notice letter sent by SEL's counsel to CMI dated December 22, 2011, and/or the filing of this Complaint. Nevertheless, Defendants have willfully, deliberately, and intentionally infringed and continue to infringe the `413 patent despite an objectively high likelihood that their actions constituted infringement.
- 74. Defendants' infringement of the `413 patent has caused and will continue to cause SEL irreparable harm unless enjoined by the Court. SEL has no adequate remedy at law. SEL's damages from the infringing activities of Defendants are not yet determined.

COUNT IV – INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,923,311

- 75. SEL repeats and realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1-74, inclusive.
- 76. On April 12, 2011, the United States Patent and Trademark Office issued the '311 patent, entitled "Electro-Optical Device and Thin Film Transistor and Method for Forming the Same." SEL is the owner, by means of assignment, of the '311 patent. SEL is entitled to sue and recover damages for past and future infringement of the '311 patent. The '311 patent is a duly and legally issued United States patent.
- 77. Defendant CMI and, upon information and belief, Defendant CMO USA have infringed and/or induced infringement of, and are continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of one or more of the '311 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 39, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Numbers V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1; V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1;

V315B6-P01 Rev.C5; M236H3-L05 Rev.C2; M270H1-L01 Rev.C1; M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1; MT215DW02; and MT215DW01. Defendants CMI and CMO USA are liable for their infringement of the `311 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 78. Defendant Acer has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '311 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 39, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Product and any similar product and related technology: CMI Module Number M236H3-L05 Rev.C2 found in Acer product number HS244HQ bmii. Defendant Acer is liable for its infringement of the '311 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 79. Defendant ViewSonic has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '311 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 39, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number M270H1-L01 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2739wm; CMI Module Number M236H3-LA2 Rev.C1 found in ViewSonic product number VX2450wm-LED; MT215DW02 found in ViewSonic product number VX2250wm-LED; and MT215DW01 found in ViewSonic product number VX2250wm-LED. Defendant ViewSonic is liable for its infringement of the '311 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 80. Defendant VIZIO has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '311 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 39, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E322MV; and CMI Module Number

V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E260MV. Defendant VIZIO is liable for its infringement of the `311 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 81. Defendant Westinghouse has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '311 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 39, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Product and any similar product and related technology: CMI Module Number V315B6-P01 Rev.C5 found in Westinghouse product number LD-3255VX. Defendant Westinghouse is liable for its infringement of the '311 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 82. With knowledge of the `311 patent and its infringement of the `311 patent, Defendant CMI also has infringed and continues to infringe one or more of the `311 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 39, by actively inducing others, including at least CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States. Upon information and belief, Defendants CMO USA, Acer, ViewSonic, VIZIO, and Westinghouse have infringed and continue to infringe one or more of the `311 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 39, by actively inducing others, including their customers, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States.
- 83. Upon information and belief, Defendants' infringement of the '311 patent is willful, intentional, and deliberate. Defendants' infringement of the '311 patent has damaged and will continue to damage SEL. Defendants had actual knowledge of the '311 patent based upon the notice letter sent by SEL's counsel to CMI dated December 22, 2011, and/or the filing of this Complaint. Nevertheless, Defendants have willfully, deliberately, and intentionally infringed and continue to infringe the '311 patent despite an objectively high likelihood that their actions constituted infringement.

84. Defendants' infringement of the `311 patent has caused and will continue to cause SEL irreparable harm unless enjoined by the Court. SEL has no adequate remedy at law. SEL's damages from the infringing activities of Defendants are not yet determined.

COUNT V - INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,956,978

- 85. SEL repeats and realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1-84, inclusive.
- 86. On June 7, 2011, the United States Patent and Trademark Office issued the '978 patent, entitled "Liquid-Crystal Display Device Having a Particular Conductive Layer." SEL is the owner, by means of assignment, of the '978 patent. SEL is entitled to sue and recover damages for past and future infringement of the '978 patent. The '978 patent is a duly and legally issued United States patent.
- 87. Defendant CMI and, upon information and belief, Defendant CMO USA have infringed and/or induced infringement of, and are continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '978 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 17, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Numbers MT215DW02 and MT215DW01. Defendants CMI and CMO USA are liable for their infringement of the '978 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 88. Defendant ViewSonic has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the '978 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 17, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number MT215DW02 found in ViewSonic product number VX2250wm-LED; and CMI Module Number MT215DW01 found in ViewSonic product number VX2250wm-LED. Defendant

ViewSonic is liable for its infringement of the '978 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 89. With knowledge of the '978 patent and its infringement of the '978 patent, Defendant CMI also has infringed and continues to infringe one or more of the '978 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 17, by actively inducing others, including at least CMO USA and ViewSonic, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States. Upon information and belief, Defendants CMO USA and ViewSonic have infringed and continue to infringe one or more of the '978 patent claims, including but not limited to claim 17, by actively inducing others, including their customers, to use, sell, import, and/or offer for sale infringing products in the United States.
- 90. Upon information and belief, the infringement by Defendants CMI, CMO USA, and ViewSonic of the `978 patent is willful, intentional, and deliberate. The infringement by Defendants CMI, CMO USA, and ViewSonic of the `978 patent has damaged and will continue to damage SEL. Defendants CMI, CMO USA, and ViewSonic had actual knowledge of the `978 patent based upon the notice letter sent by SEL's counsel to CMI dated December 22, 2011, and/or the filing of this Complaint. Nevertheless, Defendants CMI, CMO USA, and ViewSonic have willfully, deliberately, and intentionally infringed and continue to infringe the `978 patent despite an objectively high likelihood that their actions constituted infringement.
- 91. The infringement by Defendants CMI, CMO USA, and ViewSonic of the '978 patent has caused and will continue to cause SEL irreparable harm unless enjoined by the Court. SEL has no adequate remedy at law. SEL's damages from the infringing activities of Defendants CMI, CMO USA, and ViewSonic are not yet determined.

COUNT VI – INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,068,204

- 92. SEL repeats and realleges the allegations in paragraphs 1-91, inclusive.
- 93. On November 29, 2011, the United States Patent and Trademark Office issued the `204 patent, entitled "Electronic Apparatus With a Flexible Printed Circuit and a Transparent Conductive Layer." SEL is the owner, by means of assignment, of the `204 patent. SEL is entitled to sue and recover damages for past and future infringement of the `204 patent. The `204 patent is a duly and legally issued United States patent.
- 94. Defendant CMI and, upon information and belief, Defendant CMO USA have infringed and/or induced infringement of, and are continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `204 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 31 and 54, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Numbers V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1 and V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1. Defendants CMI and CMO USA are liable for their infringement of the `204 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 95. Defendant VIZIO has infringed and/or induced infringement of, and is continuing to infringe and/or induce infringement of, one or more of the `204 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 31 and 54, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing at least the following CMI Products and any similar products and related technology: CMI Module Number V315H3-LE4 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E322MV; and CMI Module Number V260H1-LE2 Rev.C1 found in VIZIO product number E260MV. Defendant VIZIO is liable for its infringement of the `204 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 96. With knowledge of the `204 patent and its infringement of the `204 patent, Defendant CMI also has infringed and continues to infringe one or more of the `204 patent claims, including but not limited to claims 31 and 54, by actively